CS 210 Final Exam Study Guide

Alex Vondrak

Spring 2012

- 1. Consider the Boolean expression $e = (x + z)' + (x \oplus z) + xyz'$. Answer true or false for each of the following statements.
 - (a) e is in inverted sum of products form.
 - (b) x'z is a prime implicant of e.
 - (c) All prime implicants of e are two-dimensional.
 - (d) There are no zero-dimensional implicants of e.
 - (e) e is equivalent to $\prod(5, 6)$.
 - (f) There is more than one minimal set of prime implicants which covers e.
 - (g) xyz is an implicant of e.
 - (h) x'z is an implicant of e.
 - (i) A minimum-literal inverted product of sums equivalent to e has two literals.
 - (j) There are three prime implicants of e.
- 2. Consider the Boolean expression e = (x + y')z + (z + y' + z)'. Design four combinatorial circuits that implement e using
 - (a) a two-level NAND-NAND circuit
 - (b) a two-level NOR-NOR circuit
 - (c) a 3-to-8 decoder
 - (d) an 8-to-1 multiplexer
- 3. Consider a sequential circuit with one circuit output y that behaves like a clock pulse with 1/8 the frequency of the master clock pulse:

Clock $\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ y \end{array}$

Design this circuit using

- (a) T flip-flops
- (b) D flip-flops
- (c) JK flip-flops
- (d) RS flip-flops

Hint: Notice that your state (i.e., the collective Q values of all your flip-flops) will transition once for every clock pulse. So, how many distinct states do you need? How many flip-flops are needed to represent those states?

4. Analyze the following sequential circuit. Give a minimized Boolean expression for each circuit output and flip-flop input, a state table, and a state diagram showing all states. Note that both flip-flops are JK flip-flops.

